

Package: RDBEScore (via r-universe)

October 3, 2026

Type Package

Title Functions for the ICES Regional Database and Estimation System (RDBES)

Version 0.3.5

Author c(person(given = ``David", family = ``Currie", role = c(``aut"),
comment = c(ORCID = ``0000-0002-3523-6895")), person(given =
``Richard", family = ``Meitern", role = c(``aut"), email =
``richard.meitern@ut.ee", comment = c(ORCID =
``0000-0002-2600-3002")), person(given = ``Nuno", family =
``Prista", role = c(``aut"), email = ``nuno.prista@slu.se",
comment = c(ORCID = ``0000-0002-5145-7241")), person(given =
``Nicholas", family = ``Carey", role = c(``aut"), email =
``nicholas.carey@gov.scot"), person(given = ``Petri", family =
``Sarvamaa", role = c(``aut"), email = ``Petri.Sarvamaa@luke.fi"),
person(given = ``Kirsten", family = ``Birch Håkansson", role =
c(``aut"), email = ``kih@aqua.dtu.dk"), person(given =
``Karolina", family = ``Molla Gazi", role = c(``aut"), email =
``karolina.mollagazi@wur.nl"), person(given = ``Julia", family =
``Wischnewski", role = c(``aut"), email =
``julia.wischnewski@thuenen.de"), person(given = ``Ana Cláudia",
family = ``Fernandes", role = c(``aut"), email =
``acfernandes@ipma.pt"), person(given = ``Katarzyna", family =
``Krakówka", role = c(``aut"), email =
``kkrakowka@mir.gdynia.pl"), person(given = ``Marta", family =
``Szymańska", role = c(``aut"), email = ``msuska@mir.gdynia.pl"),
person(given = ``Nicolas", family = ``Goñi", role = c(``aut"),
email = ``nicolas.goni@luke.fi"), person(given = ``Annica",
family = ``de Groote", role = c(``ctb"), email =
``annica.isaksson.de.groote@slu.se"), person(given = ``Jonathan",
family = ``Ball", role = c(``ctb"), email =
``johnathan.ball@cefas.co.uk"), person(given = ``Jonathan",
family = ``Rault", role = c(``ctb"), email =
``Jonathan.Rault@ifremer.fr"), person(given = ``Antti", family =
``Sykkö", role = c(``ctb"), email = ``antti.sykkö@luke.fi"),
person(given = ``Liz", family = ``Clarke", role = c(``ctb"), email

```
= ``Liz.Clarke@gov.scot"), person(given = ``Chun", family =
``Chen", role = c(``ctb"), email = ``chun.chen@wur.nl"),
person(given = ``Hongru", family = ``Zhai", role = c(``ctb"),
email = ``hongru.zhai@slu.se"), person(given = ``Eros", family =
``Quesada", role = c(``ctb"), email = ``eros.quesada@slu.se"),
person(given = ``Jonathan", family = ``Stounberg", role =
c(``ctb"), email = ``jostou@aqua.dtu.dk"), person(given = ``Ana",
family = ``Ribeiro Santos", role = c(``ctb"), email =
``ana.ribeirosantos@cefas.co.uk"), person(given = ``Jose", family
= ``Castro", role = c(``ctb"), email = ``jose.castro@ieo.es"),
person(given = ``Jessica", family = ``Craig", role = c(``ctb"),
email = ``Jessica.Craig@gov.scot") )
```

Maintainer Colin Millar <colin.millar@ices.dk>

Description The RDBEScore package provides functions to import and work with fisheries data downloaded from the ICES RDBES database. It also contains functions to perform estimation analysis using the resulting objects.

URL <https://github.com/ices-tools-dev/RDBEScore>,
<https://rdbes.ices.dk>,
<https://ices-tools-dev.github.io/RDBEScore/>

License GPL-3 + file LICENSE

Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

RoxygenNote 7.3.2

Roxygen list(markdown = TRUE)

Suggests knitr, rmarkdown, testthat

Depends R (>= 4.1)

Imports dplyr (>= 1.1.3), data.table

VignetteBuilder knitr

Repository <https://ices-tools-prod.r-universe.dev>

Date/Publication 2025-10-17 12:51:26 UTC

RemoteUrl <https://github.com/ices-tools-dev/RDBEScore>

RemoteRef HEAD

RemoteSha 9077812f232a2a62afcc52483f54a514d7a57468

Contents

addCLtoLowerCS	4
applyGenerateProbs	6
check_key_column	7
combineRDBESDataObjects	7

createDBEPrepObj	8
createRDBESDataObject	9
createRDBESEstObject	11
createTableOfRDBESIds	12
DefaultFileNames	13
designVariables	13
doBVestimCANUM	14
doDBEestimationObjUpp	16
doDBEstimation	16
doEstimationForAllStrata	17
doEstimationRatio	18
estim	19
estimMC	20
exportEstimationResultsToInterCatchFormat	21
filterAndTidyRDBESDataObject	21
filterRDBESDataObject	23
filterRDBESEstObject	24
findAndKillOrphans	25
findOrphansByTable	26
fixSLids	27
generateMissingSSRows	28
generateNAsUsingSL	29
generateProbs	30
generateSSRows	31
generateTestTbls	31
generateZerosUsingSL	32
getEstimForStratum	33
getLinkedDataFromLevel	33
getLowerTableSubsets	34
getMissingSSCatchFraction	35
getTablesInRDBESHierarchy	36
H1Example	37
H5Example	37
H7Example	38
H8ExampleEE1	39
icesSpecWoRMS	40
killOrphans	40
listPackageFunctions	41
makeTbl	42
mapColNamesFieldR	43
newRDBESDataObject	43
Pckg_SDAResources_agstrat_H1	45
Pckg_survey_apiclus2_H1	46
Pckg_survey_apistrat_H1	47
prepareSubSampleLevelLookup	48
print.RDBESDataObject	48
procRDBESEstObjLowHier	49
procRDBESEstObjUppHier	50

removeBrokenSpeciesListLinks	50
removeBrokenVesselLinks	51
runChecksOnSelectionAndProbs	52
setRDBESDataObjectDataTypes	53
shrimps	54
shrimpsStrat	55
tablesInRDBESHierarchies	56
updateSAwithTaxonFromSL	56
validateRDBESDataObject	57
validateRDBESDataObjectDataTypes	59
validateRDBESDataObjectDuplicates	59
validateRDBESDataObjectFieldNames	60
validateRDBESEstObject	61
wormsAphiaRecord	61

Index	63
--------------	-----------

addCLtoLowerCS	<i>Add CL data to a lower-level CS table in an RDBESDataObject</i>
----------------	--

Description

This function adds data from a CL table in an RDBESDataObject to a BV or FM table. It combines information from the CS and CL tables and calculates aggregate statistics such as the sum of the specified fields in the CL table.

Usage

```
addCLtoLowerCS(
  rdbes,
  strataListCS,
  strataListCL,
  combineStrata = T,
  lowerHierarchy = "C",
  CLfields = c("CLOffWeight"),
  verbose = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

rdbes	An object of class RDBESDataObject. This object contains tables from the RDBES data structure, including a CL table and CS data.
strataListCS	A named list of filter criteria for subsetting the CS data in the RDBESDataObject. The names of the list should match column names in any of the CS tables.
strataListCL	A named list of filter criteria for subsetting the CL data in the RDBESDataObject. The names of the list should match column names in the CL table.

combineStrata	Logical, if TRUE, strata in the strataListCS are combined using a vertical bar ().
lowerHierarchy	A character string specifying the level of the lower hierarchy table to which the CL data will be added. Currently, only "C" is supported ie BV data only.
CLfields	A character vector of field names from the CL table that will be summed and added as new columns to the lower-level biological data.
verbose	Logical, if TRUE, the function prints informative text.

Details

The function first subsets the biological data in the RDBESDataObject based on the criteria in strataListCS. It then retrieves the corresponding CL data based on the criteria in strataListCL, sums the fields specified in CLfields, and adds them as new columns to the biological data. If combineStrata is TRUE, strata columns from the CS data are collapsed using a vertical bar (|). The function currently supports only biological data at the "C" hierarchy level.

Value

A data.table containing the biological data from the lower hierarchy with added strata information from the CL table and the sum of the specified fields from the CL data.

See Also

[getLowerTableSubsets](#), [upperTblData](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
strataListCS <- list(LEarea="27.3.d.28.1",
                    LEmetier6 = "OTM_SPF_16-31_0_0",
                    TEstratumName = month.name[1:3],
                    SAspeCodeFAO = "SPR")
strataListCL <- list(CLarea="27.3.d.28.1",
                    CLquar = 1,
                    CLmetier6 = "OTM_SPF_16-31_0_0",
                    CLspecFAO = "SPR")
biolCL <- addCLtoLowerCS(rdbesObject, strataListCS, strataListCL,
                        combineStrata = TRUE,
                        lowerHierarchy = "C",
                        CLfields = c("COffWeight"))

## End(Not run)
```

applyGenerateProbs	<i>Generate probabilities missing from RDBES Data</i>
--------------------	---

Description

Wrapper to generate probabilities. The wrapper calls runChecksOnSelectionAndProbs which main tests need to be passed before probabilities can be calculated. The it calls generateProbs for each sample in each sampling level of the hierarchy.

Usage

```
applyGenerateProbs(
  x,
  probType,
  overwrite,
  runInitialProbChecks = TRUE,
  verbose = FALSE,
  strict = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

x	• RDBES data object
probType	• string. Can be set to "selection" (only selection probabilities are calculated), "inclusion" (only inclusion probabilities are calculated) or "both" (both types of probabilities are calculated)
overwrite	• if TRUE will overwrite probabilities already existing for SRSWR and SR-SWOR
runInitialProbChecks	• if TRUE runs runChecksOnSelectionAndProbs
verbose	(Optional) Set to TRUE if you want informative text printed out, or FALSE if you don't. The default is FALSE.
strict	(Optional) This function validates its input data - should the validation be strict? The default is TRUE.

Value

a list of all the RDBES data tables with probabilities calculated

See Also

[runChecksOnSelectionAndProbs](#) [generateProbs](#)

Examples

```
# To be added
```

check_key_column	<i>Check if a column exists in a data table and has unique values</i>
------------------	---

Description

This function checks if a specified column exists in a given data table and has unique values. If the column does not exist or has non-unique values, an error is thrown.

Usage

```
check_key_column(dt, col)
```

Arguments

dt	A data table to check
col	A character string specifying the name of the column to check

Value

nothing if the column exists and has unique values, otherwise an error is thrown

Examples

```
## Not run:
RDBEScore:::check_key_column(H1Example$DE, "DEid")

## End(Not run)
```

combineRDBESDataObjects	<i>Combine Two RDBES Raw Objects combines 2 RDBESDataObjects into a single RDBESDataObject by merging individual tables one by one</i>
-------------------------	--

Description

Combine Two RDBES Raw Objects combines 2 RDBESDataObjects into a single RDBESDataObject by merging individual tables one by one

Usage

```
combineRDBESDataObjects(
  RDBESDataObject1,
  RDBESDataObject2,
  verbose = FALSE,
  strict = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

RDBESDataObject1	The first object to combine
RDBESDataObject2	The second object to combine
verbose	(Optional) Set to TRUE if you want informative text printed out, or FALSE if you don't. The default is FALSE.
strict	(Optional) This function validates its input data - should the validation be strict? The default is TRUE.

Details

When combining RDBESDataObjects from different hierarchies (e.g., H1 and H5), a warning is issued. The resulting combined object will have a mixed hierarchy, which may be structurally and statistically invalid for some analyses. However, such combinations can be useful for fisheries overviews, annual reports, or countries performing broader estimations.

Value

the combination of RDBESDataObject1 and RDBESDataObject2

See Also

[rbindlist](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:

myH1RawObject <-
  importRDBESDataCSV(rdbesExtractPath = "tests\\testthat\\h1_v_1_19")
myH5RawObject <-
  importRDBESDataCSV(rdbesExtractPath = "tests\\testthat\\h5_v_1_19")

myCombinedRawObject <- combineRDBESDataObjects(RDBESDataObject1=myH1RawObject,
                                                RDBESDataObject2=myH5RawObject)

## End(Not run)
```

createDBEPrepObj	<i>Load raw object and create prepared object Function relies on the data being correctly named following established hierarchy</i>
------------------	---

Description

Load raw object and create prepared object Function relies on the data being correctly named following established hierarchy

Usage

```
createDBEPrepObj(input, output)
```

Arguments

input	a string pointing towards the input folder
output	a string pointing towards the output folder

Value

.Rdata files

Examples

```
## Not run:
input <- "WKRDB-EST2/testData/output/DBErawObj/"
output <- "WKRDB-EST2/subGroup1/personal/John/PreparedOutputs/"

createDBEPrepObj(input = input, output = output)

## End(Not run)
```

createRDBESDataObject *Create an RDBES Data Object*

Description

This function lets you create an RDBES Data object in your current R environment.

Usage

```
createRDBESDataObject(
  input = NULL,
  listOfFileNames = NULL,
  castToCorrectDataTypes = TRUE,
  verbose = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

input	Strings or list object. The path to the zip file downloaded from RDBES (or multiple zip files - see details), or path to a folder of csv files, or a list object in the current environment containing data frames of each table. If NULL an empty RDBESDataObject is created.
-------	--

<code>listOfFileNames</code>	list of Strings, Optional. For use with csv inputs only, and only required if the csv file names are <i>not</i> the default file names used by RDBES when downloading data (for instance if you created the files yourself). The actual file names should be a list of the two-letter code for the relevant table e.g. <code>list("DE" = "DE.csv", "SD" = "SD.csv", etc.)</code> . If not used then it is assumed the files have the default file names used by the RDBES data download ("Design.csv" etc).
<code>castToCorrectDataTypes</code>	Logical. If TRUE then the function will attempt to cast the required columns to the correct data type. If FALSE then the column data types will be determined by how the csv files are read in. Default is TRUE.
<code>verbose</code>	(Optional) Set to TRUE if you want informative text printed out, or FALSE if you don't. The default is FALSE.
<code>...</code>	Additional parameters forwarded to helper functions used by this function. Most commonly these are forwarded to <code>validateRDBESDataObject()</code> during the validation step. Common options: • <code>strict</code> (logical, default TRUE): if FALSE, validation issues result in warnings instead of stopping with an error. • <code>verbose</code> (logical, default FALSE): request extra informational output from validation. • <code>Hierarchy</code> (integer, e.g. 1, optional; zip inputs only): when the zip file contains multiple hierarchies, selects which hierarchy to import. Note: <code>checkDataTypes</code> is controlled by the <code>castToCorrectDataTypes</code> argument of this function and should not be supplied via <code>...</code>

Details

The input should be either:

- A zip file downloaded from RDBES (or multiple zip files if you want to include or overwrite tables, for example CL and CE data). NOTE: Only the downloaded RDBES data with Table data format with ids is loaded by this function and not the uploaded format.
- A folder containing csv files downloaded from RDBES (e.g. the unzipped file), or any set of csv files of the RDBES tables.
- A list of data frames in the current environment representing different tables in the hierarchy.
- A NULL input will return an empty RDBES data object

ZIP file inputs This input should be a path to a zip file downloaded from RDBES. Multiple zip files can be entered if you want to include additional tables, for example CL and CE. E.g. `'input = c("path/to/H1.zip", "path/to/CL.zip")`. If any tables in the first input are overwritten by other inputs a warning is given. You should not input different hierarchy files; this function will not combine them.

If the zip contains multiple hierarchies (e.g., H1 and H5 within the same archive), you can select which one to import by passing `Hierarchy` via `...`, for example: `Hierarchy = 1`. If `Hierarchy` is not specified and the zip contains multiple hierarchies, an error is raised prompting you to set it.

CSV file inputs This input should be a path to a folder of csv files. These can be the csv files downloaded from RDBES (e.g. an unzipped hierarchy), or *any* set of csv files containing RDBES tables. If the files do not have the default RDBES name (e.g. 'Design.csv') the `listOfFileNames` input can be used to specify the file names e.g. `list("DE" = "DE.csv", "SD" = "SD.csv", etc.)`.

List of data frames inputs This input should be a list object containing data frames (or data.tables) for each table in your hierarchy. They should be named with the appropriate 2-letter code (DE, SD, etc.). Columns within these tables will be renamed to the RDBES model documentation 'R name'. Note if you choose to create an `RDBESDataObject` from local data frames these may have not passed the data integrity checks performed when you upload to RDBES!

NULL inputs This input produces an empty `RDBESDataObject`, i.e. all tables with correct data classes but the tables will be empty.

Value

A `RDBESDataObject`

Examples

```
# Create an empty object
myEmptyRDBESObject <- createRDBESDataObject(input = NULL)
```

`createRDBESEstObject` *Creates an RDBESEstObject from RDBES data*

Description

Creates an `RDBESEstObject` from RDBES data

Usage

```
createRDBESEstObject(
  rdbesPrepObject,
  hierarchyToUse = NULL,
  stopTable = NULL,
  verbose = FALSE,
  strict = TRUE,
  incDesignVariables = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

<code>rdbesPrepObject</code>	The RDBES object that should be used to create an estimation object
<code>hierarchyToUse</code>	The upper RDBES hierarchy to use
<code>stopTable</code>	(Optional) The table to stop at in the RDBES hierarchy. If specified, only tables up to and including this table will be included in the resulting <code>RDBESEstObject</code> . The default is <code>NULL</code> , which means all tables in the hierarchy will be included.

verbose (Optional) Set to TRUE if you want informative text printed out, or FALSE if you don't. The default is FALSE.

strict (Optional) This function validates its input data - should the validation be strict? The default is TRUE.

incDesignVariables (Optional) Should the design variables be included? The default is TRUE.

Value

An object of class RDBESEstObject ready for use in design based estimation

Examples

```
myH1EstObj <- createRDBESEstObject(H1Example, 1, "SA")
```

`createTableOfRDBESIds` *Create a table of RDBES Ids*

Description

examples for now see https://github.com/ices-eg/WK_RDBES/tree/master/WKRDB-EST2/chairs/Nuno

Usage

```
createTableOfRDBESIds(x, addSaseqNums = TRUE)
```

Arguments

x RDBESdataObject

addSaseqNums should SaseqNum be included? Default value is TRUE

Value

data frame of Ids of all tables in sampling hierarchy

Examples

```
## Not run:

myH1RawObject <-
  importRDBESDataCSV(rdbesExtractPath = "tests\\testthat\\h1_v1_19_13")

myTableOfIds<- createTableOfRDBESIds(myH1RawObject)

## End(Not run)
```

DefaultFileNames	<i>The default files names when you download data from the RDBES.</i>
------------------	---

Description

The default files names when you download data from the RDBES.

Usage

```
DefaultFileNames
```

Format

A list containing the default file names for each RDBES table

Source

<https://rdbes.ices.dk/>

designVariables	<i>A dataset containing the RDBES "design variable" names</i>
-----------------	---

Description

A dataset containing the RDBES "design variable" names

Usage

```
designVariables
```

Format

A vector containing the short R names of the RDBES design variables (without any 2 letter table prefixes) R field name:

designVariables The design variable names

Source

<https://sboxrdbes.ices.dk>

doBVestimCANUM

*Estimate Catch at Number (CANUM) for Biological Variables***Description**

This function estimates catch at number (CANUM) for a specified biological variable, such as age or length. It aggregates data based on specified columns and generates a "plus group" for the highest value in the defined classes. The function supports grouping by various units (e.g., age, length, weight) and calculates required indices, totals, and proportions for the groups.

Usage

```
doBVestimCANUM(
  bv,
  addColumns,
  classUnits = "Ageyear",
  classBreaks = 1:8,
  verbose = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

<code>bv</code>	A <code>data.table</code> containing biological data, with columns for the biological variable, class units (e.g., Ageyear, Lengthmm, Weightg), and other relevant variables.
<code>addColumns</code>	A character vector of additional column names used to group the data for aggregation (e.g., BVfishId and other identifiers).
<code>classUnits</code>	A character string specifying the class units of the biological variable to use for grouping (e.g., "Ageyear", "Lengthmm", "Weightg"). Default is "Ageyear".
<code>classBreaks</code>	A numeric vector specifying the breakpoints for classifying the biological variable. The last value defines the lower bound of the "plus group". Default is 1:8 for age groups.
<code>verbose</code>	Logical, if TRUE, prints detailed information about the process. Default is FALSE.

Details

The function performs the following steps:

- Validates the presence of the `classUnits` in the biological variable data.
- Reshapes the input data using `dcast` and groups the biological variable into classes using `cut()`.
- Aggregates mean weights and lengths by the defined classes, along with calculating proportions and indices based on the sample size.
- A "plus group" is created for values exceeding the highest `classBreaks` value.

- Calculates total weights, catch numbers, and performs a sanity check to ensure there are no rounding errors in the final results.

Mathematical Logic::

Let:

- W_{mean} be the mean weight for each group.
- L_{mean} be the mean length for each group.
- n_W be the number of weight measurements in each group.
- N be the total number of measurements in the sample.
- P be the proportion of the sample represented by each group.
- I_W be the weight index for each group.
- S be the sum of weight indices across all groups.
- C be the total catch weight.
- T_W be the total weight for each group.
- C_{num} be the total catch number for each group.

The calculations are as follows:

1. Proportion of sample:

$$P = \frac{n_W}{N}$$

2. Weight Index:

$$I_W = P \times \left(\frac{W_{mean}}{1000} \right)$$

3. Sum of Weight Indices:

$$S = \sum I_W$$

4. Total Weight Coefficient:

$$TWCoef = \frac{C}{S}$$

5. Total Weight per Group:

$$T_W = I_W \times TWCoef$$

6. Total Catch Number per Group:

$$C_{num} = \frac{T_W}{\left(\frac{W_{mean}}{1000} \right)}$$

Value

A data.table containing the aggregated results, including groupings, calculated means, proportions, indices, and totals for the specified biological variable.

```
doDBEestimantionObjUpp
```

Generates the DBE estimation object for the upper hierarchy tables

Description

Generates the DBE estimation object for the upper hierarchy tables

Usage

```
doDBEestimantionObjUpp(inputList)
```

Arguments

`inputList` All the data tables in a named list. Name should be equal to the short table names e.g. DE, SD, TE, FO.

Value

The upper hierarchy tables in the DBE estimation object (DBEestimantionObjUpp)

Examples

```
## Not run:
H1 <-
readRDS("./WKRDB-EST2/testData/output/DBErawObj/DBErawObj_DK_1966_H1.rds")
H1out <- doDBEestimantionObjUpp(H1)

## End(Not run)
```

```
doDBestimation
```

Create design-based point and variance estimates from RDBES estimation object (rdbesEstimObj)

Description

Create design-based point and variance estimates from RDBES estimation object (rdbesEstimObj)

Usage

```
doDBestimation(
  x = rdbesEstimObj,
  estimateType = "total",
  pointEstimator = "Unbiased",
  varEstimator = "WRonPSUviaPik",
  stage = 0,
  domainOfinterest = NULL
)
```

Arguments

x	a data.frame (or data.table) in rdbesEstimObj format with value of target variable in column targetValue
estimateType	a string with type of estimate. As of now only "total" is defined
pointEstimator	a string with type of point estimator. As of now only "Unbiased" is defined
varEstimator	a string with type of variance estimator. As of now only "WRonPSUviaPik" is defined
stage	a natural number (0,1,...) with sampling stage of estimate. 0 corresponds to DE level.
domainOfinterest	list of domains of interest (e.g., SAarea). As of now only NULL (=no domain estimate) is defined

Value

a list of values for pointEstimate, varEstimate and estimation options

Examples

```
## Not run:
data(shrimps)
doDBestimation (x = shrimps, estimateType = "total",
pointEstimator = "Unbiased", varEstimator = "WRonPSUviaPsi", stage = 0,
domainOfinterest = NULL )

## End(Not run)
```

doEstimationForAllStrata

Estimate totals and means, and try to generate samples variances for all strata in an RDBESEstObject

Description

Estimate totals and means, and try to generate samples variances for all strata in an RDBESEstObject

Usage

```
doEstimationForAllStrata(RDBESEstObjectForEstim, targetValue, verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

RDBESEstObjectForEstim	The RDBESEstObject to generate estimates for
targetValue	The field to estimate for, for example "SAsampWtLive"
verbose	(Optional) If set to TRUE more detailed text will be printed out by the function. Default is FALSE

Value

A data frame containing estimates for all strata

Examples

```
## Not run:

myH1RawObject <-
  importRDBESDataCSV(rdbesExtractPath = "tests\\testthat\\h1_v1_19")

# Update our test data with some random sample measurements
myH1RawObject[["SA"]] $SAsampWtLive <-
  round(runif(n = nrow(myH1RawObject[["SA"]]), min = 1, max = 100))

myH1EstObj <- createRDBESEstObject(myH1RawObject, 1)

myStrataEst <- doEstimationForAllStrata(
  RDBESDataObjectForEstim = myH1EstObj,
  targetValue = 'SAsampWtLive'
)

## End(Not run)
```

doEstimationRatio	<i>Estimate Numbers and Mean Values by Length or Age Class</i>
-------------------	--

Description

The function is under development and does not work yet.

Usage

```
doEstimationRatio(
  RDBESDataObj,
  targetValue = "LengthComp",
  raiseVar = "Weight",
  classUnits = "mm",
  classBreaks = c(100, 300, 10),
  LWparam = NULL,
  lowerAux = NULL,
  verbose = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

RDBESDataObj	A validated RDBESDataObject containing hierarchical sampling and biological data. Must include appropriate tables (e.g., CL, CE, SA, FM, or BV) depending on estimation requirements.
--------------	---

targetValue	A character string specifying the type of composition to estimate. Options are "LengthComp" or "AgeComp".
raiseVar	The variable used to construct the ratio.
classUnits	Units of the class intervals for length or age, typically "mm" for millimeters or "cm" for centimeters. Used in defining class intervals.
classBreaks	A numeric vector of three values: minimum value, maximum value, and class width (e.g., c(100, 300, 10)). Defines the class intervals for grouping lengths or ages.
LWparam	A numeric vector of length two specifying parameters (a, b) for the weight-length relationship ($W = a * L^b$). Used if no direct weights are available but lengths are provided.
lowerAux	A numeric or character vector referencing a variable in the SA table used as an auxiliary variable for ratio estimation (e.g., sample weights, sub-sample expansion factors).
verbose	Logical; if TRUE, detailed messages are printed during processing.

Value

A list or data.table containing the estimated numbers at length or age and associated mean values such as weight and length, depending on input and target type.

estim

Generic function for estimation of population total and variance

Description

Generic function for estimation of population total and variance

Usage

```
estim(
  y,
  enk,
  enk1,
  method = "SRSWOR",
  estFunction,
  varFunction,
  verbose = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

y	numeric variable to be estimated
enk	expected value of k
enk1	expected value of k, given 1

method	character selection method code e.g SRSWOR
estFunction	the function to use to estimate total given parameters y and enk
varFunction	the function to use to estimate variance given parameters y,enk and enkl
verbose	(Optional) Set to TRUE if you want informative text printed out, or FALSE if you don't. The default is FALSE.

Value

list of 7 elements including the population mean, total (and their variance), the algorithm name used and the I order inclusion probabilities

Examples

```
estimMC(c(3, 4, 4, 5), c(4, 4, 4, 4), c(8, 8, 8, 8))
```

estimMC	<i>Multiple Count Estimator for Population Total and Variance</i>
---------	---

Description

Multiple Count Estimator for Population Total and Variance

Usage

```
estimMC(
  y,
  sampled,
  total,
  method = "SRSWOR",
  selProb = NULL,
  incProb = NULL,
  verbose = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

y	numeric variable to be estimated
sampled	numeric total number of units sampled
total	numeric total number of units int the population
method	character selection method code e.g SRSWOR
selProb	the selection probabilities (if known)
incProb	the inclusion probabilities (if known)
verbose	(Optional) Set to TRUE if you want informative text printed out, or FALSE if you don't. The default is FALSE.

Value

list of 7 elements including the population mean, total (and their variance), the algorithm name used and the I order inclusion probabilities

Examples

```
estimMC(c(3, 4, 4, 5), c(4, 4, 4, 4), c(8, 8, 8, 8))
```

```
exportEstimationResultsToInterCatchFormat
```

Export Estimation Results to InterCatch Exchange Format

Description

This function transforms the estimation results into the InterCatch format.

Usage

```
exportEstimationResultsToInterCatchFormat(dataToExport, verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

dataToExport	A data frame containing the estimation results - this should include the output from the doEstimationForAllStrata function and already have the the InterCatch columns present.
verbose	(Optional) Set to TRUE if you want informative text printed out, or FALSE if you don't. The default is FALSE.

Value

A character vector representing the flattened InterCatch exchange format. The vector includes all fields from the HI, SI, and SD components, ordered by their associated keys, and is suitable for writing to an InterCatch-formatted exchange file.

```
filterAndTidyRDBESDataObject
```

Filter and remove orphan records in an RDBESDataObject

Description

This function filters an RDBESDataObject based on specified fields and values, and can optionally remove any orphan records. The returned object will include all rows which either: a) do not include any of the field names in fieldsToFilter, or b) do include the field names and have one of the allowed values in valuesToFilter. If killOrphans is set to TRUE, the function will remove orphaned rows. The default is TRUE.

Usage

```
filterAndTidyRDBESDataObject(
  RDBESDataObjectToFilterAndTidy,
  fieldsToFilter,
  valuesToFilter,
  killOrphans = TRUE,
  verbose = FALSE,
  strict = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

<code>RDBESDataObjectToFilterAndTidy</code>	The <code>RDBESDataObject</code> to filter.
<code>fieldsToFilter</code>	A vector of the field names you wish to check.
<code>valuesToFilter</code>	A vector of the field values you wish to filter for.
<code>killOrphans</code>	Controls if orphan rows are removed. Default is TRUE.
<code>verbose</code>	(Optional) Set to TRUE if you want informative text printed out, or FALSE if you don't. The default is FALSE.
<code>strict</code>	(Optional) This function validates its input data - should the validation be strict? The default is TRUE.

Value

The filtered input object of the same class as `RDBESDataObjectToFilterAndTidy`.

Examples

```
## Not run:

myH1RawObject <- createRDBESDataObject(rdbesExtractPath = "tests\\testthat\\h1_v_1_19_13")

# To check how removeBrokenVesselLinks() works
myH1RawObject$VD$VDlenCat[which(myH1RawObject$VD$VDencrVessCode=="VDcode_10")] <- "VL40XX"

myFields <- c("VSencrVessCode", "VDlenCat")
myValues <- c("VDcode_1", "VDcode_2", "VDcode_10", "VL1518", "VL2440")

myFilteredObject <- filterAndTidyRDBESDataObject(myH1RawObject,
  fieldsToFilter = myFields,
  valuesToFilter = myValues,
  killOrphans = TRUE, verboseBrokenVesselLinks = TRUE
)

## End(Not run)
```

filterRDBESDataObject *Filter an RDBESDataObject*

Description

The returned object will include all rows which either: a) do not include any of the field names in `fieldsToFilter`, or b) do include the field names and have one of the allowed values in `valuesToFilter`. If you want to filter for a id field like `DEid`, `FTid` etc, the filtering works only on the table where the id field is its key. For example, if you try to filter on `F0id` it does not look `F0id` in other tables like `FT`, although the field `F0id` exists in `FT` table.

Usage

```
filterRDBESDataObject(  
  RDBESDataObjectToFilter,  
  fieldsToFilter,  
  valuesToFilter,  
  killOrphans = FALSE,  
  verbose = FALSE,  
  strict = TRUE  
)
```

Arguments

<code>RDBESDataObjectToFilter</code>	The <code>RDBESDataObject</code> to filter
<code>fieldsToFilter</code>	A vector of the field names you wish to check
<code>valuesToFilter</code>	A vector of the field values you wish to filter for
<code>killOrphans</code>	Controls if orphan rows are removed. Default is <code>FALSE</code> .
<code>verbose</code>	(Optional) Set to <code>TRUE</code> if you want informative text printed out, or <code>FALSE</code> if you don't. The default is <code>FALSE</code> .
<code>strict</code>	(Optional) This function validates its input data - should the validation be strict? The default is <code>TRUE</code> .

Details

`killOrphans` allows you to remove orphaned rows if set to `TRUE`. The default is `FALSE`.

Value

the filtered input object of the same class as `RDBESDataObjectToFilter`

Examples

```
## Not run:

myH1RawObject <-
  importRDBESDataCSV(rdbesExtractPath = "tests\\testthat\\h1_v_1_19")

myFields <- c("SDctry", "VDctry", "VDflgCtry", "FTarvLoc")
myValues <- c("ZW", "ZWBZH", "ZWFVA")

myFilteredObject <- filterRDBESDataObject(myH1RawObject,
  fieldsToFilter = myFields,
  valuesToFilter = myValues
)

# Inverse filtering (exclude certain values)
# Example: keep all DE rows except those with DEid in `excludedValues`
# Compute the complement of the excluded set using setdiff
allValues <- unique(myH1RawObject$DE$DEid)
excludedValues <- c(5351)
myInverseFiltered <- filterRDBESDataObject(
  myH1RawObject,
  fieldsToFilter = "DEid",
  valuesToFilter = setdiff(allValues, excludedValues)
)

## End(Not run)
```

filterRDBESEstObject *Filter an RDBESEstObject*

Description

The returned object will include all rows which include the field names and have one of the allowed values in valuesToFilter.

Usage

```
filterRDBESEstObject(
  RDBESEstObjectToFilter,
  fieldsToFilter,
  valuesToFilter,
  verbose = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

RDBESEstObjectToFilter

The RDBESEstObject to filter

fieldsToFilter A vector of the field names you wish to check

valuesToFilter A vector of the field values you wish to filter for

verbose (Optional) Set to TRUE if you want informative text printed out, or FALSE if you don't. The default is FALSE.

Value

the filtered input object of the same class as RDBESEstObjectToFilter

Examples

```
## Not run:

myRawObject <- createRDBESDataObject(input = "tests\\testthat\\h1_v_1_19_26")
myEstObject <- createRDBESEstObject(myRawObject,1)
myFilteredEst <- filterRDBESEstObject(myEst,c("Bvid"),c(7349207))

## End(Not run)
```

findAndKillOrphans	<i>This function finds and removed any orphan records in an RDBES-DataObject. Normally data that has been downloaded from the RDBES will not contain orphan records - however if the data is subsequently filtered it is possible to introduce orphan records.</i>
--------------------	--

Description

This function finds and removed any orphan records in an RDBESDataObject. Normally data that has been downloaded from the RDBES will not contain orphan records - however if the data is subsequently filtered it is possible to introduce orphan records.

Usage

```
findAndKillOrphans(objectToCheck, verbose = FALSE, strict = TRUE)
```

Arguments

objectToCheck an RDBESDataObject.

verbose (Optional) If set to TRUE more detailed text will be printed out by the function. Default is FALSE.

strict (Optional) This function validates its input data - should the validation be strict? The default is TRUE.

Value

an RDBESDataObject with any orphan records removed

Examples

```
## Not run:

myH1RawObject <-
importRDBESDataCSV(rdbesExtractPath = "tests\\testthat\\h1_v_1_19")
myFields <- c("SDctry", "VDctry", "VDflgCtry", "FTarvLoc")
myValues <- c("ZW", "ZWBZH", "ZWFVA" )
myFilteredObject <- filterRDBESDataObject(myH1RawObject,
                                           fieldsToFilter = myFields,
                                           valuesToFilter = myValues )
myObjectNoOrphans <- findAndKillOrphans(objectToCheck = myFilteredObject,
                                         verbose = FALSE)

## End(Not run)
```

findOrphansByTable	<i>Internal function to identify orphan records in a given RDBESDataObject table</i>
--------------------	--

Description

Internal function to identify orphan records in a given RDBESDataObject table

Usage

```
findOrphansByTable(tableToCheck, objectToCheck, foreignKeyIds, verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

tableToCheck	The two letter code for the table to check
objectToCheck	An RDBESDataObject
foreignKeyIds	A vector of the foreign key field names to check
verbose	(Optional) If set to TRUE more detailed text will be printed out by the function. Default is TRUE.

Value

A data frame with the primary keys of the table checked, the two letter table identifier, and their orphan status.

fixSLids	<i>Fixes SLid in SL table (facilitating SS-SL joins).</i>
----------	---

Description

Fixes SLid in SL table (facilitating SS-SL joins).

Usage

```
fixSLids(RDBESDataObject, verbose = FALSE, validate = TRUE, strict = TRUE)
```

Arguments

RDBESDataObject	A valid RDBESDataObject
verbose	(Optional) Set to TRUE if you want informative text printed out, or FALSE if you don't. The default is FALSE.
validate	(Optional) Should the function validate its input data? The default is TRUE.
strict	(Optional) If the function validates its input data - should the validation be strict? The default is TRUE.

Details

RDBES SL can be seen as a join of two tables - one that identifies the species list in terms of *SLcou* * *SLinst* * *SLspeclistName* * *SLyear* * *SLcatchFrac* and one that specifies the taxa (*SLcommTaxon* * *SLsppCode*) in the list. In SS, SLid remits to the 1st taxa in a species list and not - as it would be expected - to the species list itself. This function fixes this by creating a new SLtaxaId variable in SL and assigning all taxa in a species to a single SSid.

Value

an RDBESDataObject with SL ids reworked

Examples

```
# To add
```

`generateMissingSSRows` *Generate any missing SS rows. When `FOcatchReg=="All"` it is expected that `SScatchFraction` is either "Catch" OR "Lan"+"Dis". In the latter case, if one is missing the other is to be assumed 0. This function generates SS rows for any missing catch fractions.*

Description

Generate any missing SS rows. When `FOcatchReg=="All"` it is expected that `SScatchFraction` is either "Catch" OR "Lan"+"Dis". In the latter case, if one is missing the other is to be assumed 0. This function generates SS rows for any missing catch fractions.

Usage

```
generateMissingSSRows(
  RDBESDataObject,
  speciesListName,
  verbose = FALSE,
  strict = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

<code>RDBESDataObject</code>	A valid <code>RDBESDataObject</code>
<code>speciesListName</code>	The name of the Species List you want to use for any SS rows that are created.
<code>verbose</code>	(Optional) Set to <code>TRUE</code> if you want informative text printed out, or <code>FALSE</code> if you don't. The default is <code>FALSE</code> .
<code>strict</code>	(Optional) This function validates its input data - should the validation be strict? The default is <code>TRUE</code> .

Value

A data table of SS data with any missing rows added

Examples

```
# To follow
```

generateNAsUsingSL	<i>Generate NAs in samples using Species List information</i>
--------------------	---

Description

Generate NAs in samples using Species List information

Usage

```
generateNAsUsingSL(
  RDBESDataObject,
  targetAphiaId,
  overwriteSampled = TRUE,
  validate = TRUE,
  verbose = FALSE,
  strict = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

RDBESDataObject	An RDBESDataObject.
targetAphiaId	a vector of aphiaId.
overwriteSampled	(Optional) should SAtotalWtMes and SASampWtMes be set to 0 if spp recorded but absent from SL? The default is TRUE.
validate	(Optional) Set to TRUE if you want validation to be carried out. The default is TRUE.
verbose	(Optional) Set to TRUE if you want informative text on validation printed out, or FALSE if you don't. The default is FALSE.
strict	(Optional) This function can validate its input data - should the validation be strict? The default is TRUE.

Value

RDBES data object where SA was complemented with NAs for species not looked for (sensu in SL)

Examples

```
# To be added
```

generateProbs

Generate vector of selection or inclusion probabilities

Description

Generate vector of selection or inclusion probabilities

Usage

```
generateProbs(x, probType, verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

x	RDBES data object
probType	"selection" or "inclusion" for selection and inclusion probabilities respectively
verbose	(Optional) Set to TRUE if you want informative text printed out, or FALSE if you don't. The default is FALSE.

Details

When the selection method is SRSWR selection probabilities are calculated as $1/N$ and inclusion probabilities as $1 - (1 - 1/N)^n$. When the selection method is SRSWOR selection probabilities are not currently implemented. Inclusion probabilities are calculated as n/N . When the selection method is CENSUS both types of probabilities are set to 1. Probabilities for selection methods UPSWR and UPSWOR are not calculated (they need to be supplied by the user). The same happens with regards to non-probabilistic methods

Value

A vector of probabilities

Examples

```
## Not run:
generateProbs(x = Pckg_SDAResources_agstrat_H1[["VS"]], probType = ("inclusion"))
# population size
a<-generateProbs(x = Pckg_SDAResources_agstrat_H1[["VS"]], probType = ("inclusion"))
sum(1/a$VSincProb)
# returns error
generateProbs(x = Pckg_SDAResources_agstrat_H1[["VS"]], probType = ("selection"))

## End(Not run)
```

generateSSRows	<i>Private function to generate SS rows</i>
----------------	---

Description

Private function to generate SS rows

Usage

```
generateSSRows(FOids, speciesListName, catchFra)
```

Arguments

FOids	Vector of FOids
speciesListName	Name of the species list
catchFra	The catch fraction to create

Value

SS data frame

generateTestTbls	<i>Generate a List of Related Data Tables</i>
------------------	---

Description

Generates a named list of data tables that follow the structure of RDBESDataObject. The tables only have columns required for testing The generate tables

Usage

```
generateTestTbls(tblNames, prevTbls = list(), ...)
```

Arguments

tblNames	character vector of table names to be created
prevTbls	list of data.tables upstream of the generated table. Defaults to empty list
...	Arguments passed on to makeTbl
tblName	Name of the table
rows	numeric number of rows per parent record. Defaults to 4.
propSamp	numeric proportion of how many of total are sampled. This is ignored for "CENSUS". Defaults to 0.5

`selMeth` character selection method used. Defaults to "CENSUS". Others like SRSWR or SRSSWOR can be used as well

`stratums` character vector of the stratum names to be created. Defaults to `c("U")`, meaning not stratified.

`mean` numeric the expected mean of the target variable. The variable is created using `rnorm` and saved under column ending with "y". Defaults to 5.

Value

a list of named `data.table`'s

Examples

```
## Not run:
generateTestTbls(c("A", "B", "C"), selMeth = "SRSWOR")
generateTestTbls(LETTERS[1:5]) # makes 5 tables with method CENSUS

## End(Not run)
```

`generateZerosUsingSL` *Generate zeros in samples using Species List information*

Description

examples for now see https://github.com/ices-eg/WK_RDBES/tree/master/WKRDB-EST2/chairs/Nuno

Usage

```
generateZerosUsingSL(x, verbose = FALSE, strict = TRUE)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	RDBES data frame
<code>verbose</code>	(Optional) Set to TRUE if you want informative text printed out, or FALSE if you don't. The default is FALSE.
<code>strict</code>	(Optional) This function validates its input data - should the validation be strict? The default is TRUE.

Value

RDBES data frame where SA was complemented with species looked for (sensu in sampling objectives) but not registered in sample

getEstimForStratum	<i>Private function used by doEstimationForAllStrata to get the estimates</i>
--------------------	---

Description

Private function used by doEstimationForAllStrata to get the estimates

Usage

```
getEstimForStratum(x)
```

Arguments

x	The input
---	-----------

Value

Data frame with estimated values

```
getLinkedDataFromLevel
```

Retrieve Linked Data Between RDBES Tables at a Specified Level

Description

The getLinkedDataFromLevel function facilitates the retrieval of linked data between different levels of RDBES tables. Depending on the relative positions of the source and target tables within the RDBESDataObject, the function determines whether to traverse "up" or "down" the data hierarchy to obtain the desired linked data.

Usage

```
getLinkedDataFromLevel(field, values, rdbesTables, level, verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

field	A character string specifying the field name from which to retrieve linked data. The first two characters of this field indicate the source table.
values	A vector of values corresponding to the specified field for which linked data is to be retrieved.
rdbesTables	An RDBESDataObject containing the relevant RDBES tables. This object should include all tables that may be linked based on the provided field and level.
level	A character string specifying the target table level from which to retrieve linked data. This must be one of the names within the rdbesTables object.
verbose	Logical flag indicating whether to print detailed information about the data retrieval process. Default is FALSE.

Value

The subset of the table at the specified level.

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Example 1: Going up in the table hierarchy to retrieve data from the DE table
# Retrieve data from the DE level based on BVID from the BV table
# This returns 1 row from the DE table
getLinkedDataFromLevel("BVID", c(1), H8ExampleEE1, "DE", TRUE)

# Example 2: Going down in the table hierarchy to retrieve data from the SA table
# Retrieve data from the SA level based on DEid from the DE table
# This returns 15 rows from the SA table
getLinkedDataFromLevel("DEid", c(1), H8ExampleEE1, "SA", TRUE)

# Example 3: Going up in the table hierarchy to see the Vessel that caught a specific fish
# Retrieve data from the VS level based on BVfishId from the BV table
getLinkedDataFromLevel("BVfishId", c("410472143", "410472144"), H8ExampleEE1, "VS", TRUE)

## End(Not run)
```

getLowerTableSubsets *Get Lower Table from Several Upper Table Fields*

Description

This function takes a list of subsets, a target lower level table name, and a list of tables. It returns a unique data frame containing the rows of the target lower level table that are associated with the given values of the upper table field in each subset. The function can also add the subset values to the result for reference.

Usage

```
getLowerTableSubsets(
  subsets,
  tblName,
  rdbesTables,
  combineStrata = TRUE,
  verbose = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

subsets	A named list of vectors. Each vector contains values for a specific upper table field.
tblName	A character string specifying the name of the target lower level table.
rdbesTables	A RDBESData object containing the tables.

combineStrata	A logical value indicating whether to include the strata information in the result. If TRUE, and if any strata has more than one value, those values are collapsed into a single string and appended to the result with a warning.
verbose	A logical value indicating whether to print informative text.

Details

The function recursively intersects the rows of the target lower level table that match the values from each subset in the upper tables. It then ensures that only unique rows are returned, based on the ID column of the target table.

Value

A unique data frame containing the rows of the target lower level table that are associated with the given values of the upper table field in each subset. If combineStrata = TRUE, the result will also include a column for each subset with the corresponding collapsed values.

`getMissingSSCatchFraction`

Private function to find which FO rows are not matching SS

Description

Private function to find which FO rows are not matching SS

Usage

```
getMissingSSCatchFraction(FOdata, SSdata, catchFra, verbose)
```

Arguments

FOdata	The FOdata
SSdata	The SSdata
catchFra	The catchfra
verbose	verbose or not?

Value

Vector of FOids that aren't matching SS rows

`getTablesInRDBESHierarchy`*Returns the tables for a given hierarchy*

Description

Returns the tables for a given hierarchy

Usage

```
getTablesInRDBESHierarchy(  
  hierarchy,  
  includeOptTables = TRUE,  
  includeLowHierTables = TRUE,  
  includeTablesNotInSampHier = TRUE,  
  verbose = FALSE  
)
```

Arguments

<code>hierarchy</code>	Integer value between 1 and 13 inclusive
<code>includeOptTables</code>	Include any optional tables? Default value is TRUE
<code>includeLowHierTables</code>	Include the lower hierarchy tables? Default value is TRUE
<code>includeTablesNotInSampHier</code>	Include tables that aren't sampling units in that hierarchy? Default value is TRUE
<code>verbose</code>	(Optional) Set to TRUE if you want informative text printed out, or FALSE if you don't. The default is FALSE.

Value

A vector containing the 2-letter names of the tables in the requested hierarchy

Examples

```
getTablesInRDBESHierarchy(5)
```

H1Example	<i>A dataset containing test RDBES data for H1 in the RDBESDataObject structure</i>
-----------	---

Description

A dataset containing test RDBES data for H1 in the RDBESDataObject structure

Usage

H1Example

Format

A list containing entries required for H1 RDBES data:

DE the Design data table
SD the Sampling Details data table
VS the Vessel Selection data table
FT the Fishing Trip data table
FO the Fishing Operation data table
SS the Species Selection data table
SA the Sample data table
FM the Frequency Measure data table
BV the Biological Variable data table
VD the Vessel Details data table
SL the Species List data table
IS the Individual Species table

H5Example	<i>A dataset containing test RDBES data for H5 in the RDBESDataObject structure</i>
-----------	---

Description

A dataset containing test RDBES data for H5 in the RDBESDataObject structure

Usage

H5Example

Format

A list containing entries required for H5 RDBES data:

DE the Design data table
SD the Sampling Details data table
FT the Fishing Trip data table
OS the Onshore Event data table
LE the Landing Event data table
SS the Species Selection data table
SA the Sample data table
FM the Frequency Measure data table
BV the Biological Variable data table
VD the Vessel Details data table
SL the Species List data table
IS the Individual Species table

H7Example

A dataset containing test RDBES data for H7 in the RDBESDataObject structure

Description

This dataset does not have passed the RDBES upload checks, hence the object might be somewhat invalid, however it resembles real data from the Estonian Market Sampling for 2022 for 2 species

Usage

H7Example

Format

A list containing entries required for H7 RDBES data:

DE the Design data table
SD the Sampling Details data table
OS the Onshore Sample data table
LE the Landing Event data table
SS the Species Selection data table
SA the Sample data table
BV the Biological Variable data table
SL the Species List data table
IS the Individual Species table

#' @source Richard Meitern @ Estonian Marine Institute, 2025

H8ExampleEE1	<i>A dataset containing test RDBES data for H8 in the RDBESDataObject structure</i>
--------------	---

Description

This dataset does not have passed the RDBES upload checks, hence the object might be somewhat invalid, however it resembles real data from the Estonian Baltic Trawling fleet for 2022 sprat total landings and commercial sampling

Usage

H8ExampleEE1

Format

A list containing entries required for H8 RDBES data:

DE the Design data table
SD the Sampling Details data table
TE the Temporal Event data table
VS the Vessel Selection data table
LE the Landing Event data table
SS the Species Selection data table
SA the Sample data table
BV the Biological Variable data table
VD the Vessel Details data table
SL the Species List data table
IS the Individual Species
CL the Commercial Landing data table
CE the Commercial Effort data table

#' @source Richard Meitern @ Estonian Marine Institute, 2025

icesSpecWoRMS	<i>ICES Species (WoRMS) code list snapshot</i>
---------------	--

Description

A dataset containing a copy of the ICES 'Species (WoRMS)' code list. The latest code list can be downloaded from <https://vocab.ices.dk/>.

Usage

```
icesSpecWoRMS
```

Format

A data frame with the following columns:

CodeTypeGUID GUID of the code type in ICES Vocabulary (e.g. the 'Species (WoRMS)' list).

CodeTypeID Numeric ID of the code type.

Guid GUID identifying this code record.

Id Numeric ID of this code record.

Key AphiaID (numeric key from WoRMS).

Description Scientific name.

LongDescription (If present) additional description; often not used.

Modified Datetime the record was last modified at ICES.

Deprecated Logical; whether this code is deprecated at ICES.

DateDownloaded Date the snapshot was downloaded, e.g. "2023-10-18".

Source

<https://vocab.ices.dk/>

killOrphans	<i>Internal function to remove orphan records from an RDBESDataObject</i>
-------------	---

Description

Internal function to remove orphan records from an RDBESDataObject

Usage

```
killOrphans(objectToCheck, orphansToRemove)
```

Arguments

`objectToCheck` an RDBESDataObject
`orphansToRemove` The output from the `findOrphansByTable` function (A data frame with the primary keys of the table checked, the two letter table identifier, and their orphan status.)

Value

RDBESDataObject with orphan records removed

`listPackageFunctions` *Extract Functions and Descriptions from an R Package*

Description

This function extracts the list of functions contained within a specified R package and retrieves a brief description for each function from the package documentation. The description is obtained by parsing the Rd file associated with each function to extract the text from the `\title` field. In addition, the function determines whether each function is exported from the package by comparing against the package's exported names.

Usage

```
listPackageFunctions(pkg)
```

Arguments

`pkg` A character string or an unquoted name specifying the package from which to extract functions. The package must be installed and accessible.

Details

The function first accesses the package namespace using `asNamespace` and retrieves all objects using `ls`. It filters these objects to include only functions. For each function, the associated help file is retrieved using `utils::help` and the Rd file is extracted with `utils:::getHelpFile`. The internal helper function `getRdTitle` is then used to parse the Rd object and extract the text in the `\title` field. Finally, the function assembles the output into a data frame that also includes an indicator of whether each function is exported.

Value

A data frame with three columns. The `Function` column lists the names of the functions found in the package. The `Description` column contains the brief descriptions extracted from each function's documentation, and the `Exported` column is a logical vector indicating whether the function is exported from the package.

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Extract functions from the stats package along with their descriptions and export status.
tab <- listPackageFunctions("stats")
print(tab)

## End(Not run)
```

makeTbl	<i>Generate a Data Table</i>
---------	------------------------------

Description

Generate a Data Table

Usage

```
makeTbl(
  tblName,
  prevTbls = list(),
  rows = 4,
  propSamp = 0.5,
  selMeth = "CENSUS",
  stratums = c("U"),
  mean = 5
)
```

Arguments

tblName	Name of the table
prevTbls	list of data.tables upstream of the generated table. Defaults to empty list
rows	numeric number of rows per parent record. Defaults to 4.
propSamp	numeric proportion of how many of total are sampled. This is ignored for "CENSUS". Defaults to 0.5
selMeth	character selection method used. Defaults to "CENSUS". Others like SRSWR or SRSSWOR can be used as well
stratums	character vector of the stratum names to be created. Defaults to c("U"), meaning not stratified.
mean	numeric the expected mean of the target variable. The variable is created using <code>rnorm</code> and saved under column ending with "y". Defaults to 5.

Value

a data.table

mapColNamesFieldR	<i>A dataset containing the mapping from database column names to R field names</i>
-------------------	---

Description

A dataset containing the mapping from database column names to R field names

Usage

```
mapColNamesFieldR
```

Format

A data frame containing database field names and their equivalent R field name:

Table.Prefix The two letter prefix of the relevant RDBES table

Field.Name The database field names

R.Name The equivalent R field name

RDataType The equivalent R data type (e.g. "integer", "character" etc)

Type The Data type in the RDBES documentation (e.g. "Decimal", etc)

EssentialForEst Is this column considered essential? ...

Source

<https://sboxrdbes.ices.dk>

newRDBESDataObject	<i>Constructor for RDBESDataObject class</i>
--------------------	--

Description

Constructor for RDBESDataObject class

Usage

```
newRDBESDataObject(
  DE = NULL,
  SD = NULL,
  VS = NULL,
  FT = NULL,
  FO = NULL,
  TE = NULL,
  LO = NULL,
```

```

    OS = NULL,
    LE = NULL,
    SS = NULL,
    SA = NULL,
    FM = NULL,
    BV = NULL,
    VD = NULL,
    SL = NULL,
    IS = NULL,
    CL = NULL,
    CE = NULL,
    verbose = FALSE
  )

```

Arguments

DE	Data table of RDBES DE data or null
SD	Data table of RDBES DE data or null
VS	Data table of RDBES DE data or null
FT	Data table of RDBES DE data or null
FO	Data table of RDBES DE data or null
TE	Data table of RDBES DE data or null
LO	Data table of RDBES DE data or null
OS	Data table of RDBES DE data or null
LE	Data table of RDBES DE data or null
SS	Data table of RDBES DE data or null
SA	Data table of RDBES DE data or null
FM	Data table of RDBES DE data or null
BV	Data table of RDBES DE data or null
VD	Data table of RDBES DE data or null
SL	Data table of RDBES DE data or null
IS	Data table of RDBES DE data or null
CL	Data table of RDBES DE data or null
CE	Data table of RDBES DE data or null
verbose	(Optional) Set to TRUE if you want informative text printed out, or FALSE if you don't. The default is FALSE.

Value

a named list

Pckg_SDAResources_agstrat_H1

A RDBESDataObject converted from package SDAResources dataset agstrat

Description

This data set is derived from the data(agstrat) used in Lohr examples 3.2 and 3.6. Table VS is stratified with VSstratumName set to agstrat\$region, and VSnumberSampled and VSnumberTotal set according to agstrat. VSunitName is set to a combination of original agstrat\$county, agstrat\$state, agstrat\$region and agstrat\$agstrat row numbers. Table SA contains the variable measured agstrat\$acres92 in SATotalWeightMeasured, SASampleWeightMeasured and SAconversionFactorMeasLive set to 1. Table DE, SD, FT and FO are for the most dummy tables inserted to meet RDBES model requirements to be aggregated during estimation tests. Values of mandatory fields have dummy values taken from an onboard programme, with exception of selectionMethod that is set to CENSUS. BV, FM, CL, and CE are not provided. SL and VD are subset to the essential rows.

Usage

```
Pckg_SDAResources_agstrat_H1
```

Format

A list containing entries required for H1 RDBES data:

- DE** the Design data table. Contains dummy values with exception of selectionMethod that is set to CENSUS
- SD** the Sampling Details data table. Contains dummy values
- VS** the Vessel Selection data table. Contains core information of data(agstrat), VSstratumName set to agstrat\$region, and VSnumberSampled and VSnumberTotal set according to agstrat, VSunitName is set to a combination of original agstrat\$county, agstrat\$state, agstrat\$region and agstrat\$agstrat row numbers
- FT** the Fishing Trip data table. Contains dummy values
- FO** the Fishing Operation data table. Contains dummy values
- SS** the Species Selection data table. Contains dummy values
- SA** the Sample data table. Contains the variable measured agstrat\$acres92 in SATotalWeightMeasured, SASampleWeightMeasured and SAconversionFactorMeasLive set to 1
- FM** the Frequency Measure data table. Not provided
- BV** the Biological Variable data table. Not provided
- VD** the Vessel Details data table. Subset to the essential rows
- SL** the Species List data table. Subset to the essential rows
- IS** the Individual Species table

Source

<https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=SDAResources>

Pckg_survey_apiclus2_H1

A Multi-Stage RDBESDataObject converted from package survey dataset apiclus2

Description

This data set is derived from the Academic Performance Index computed for all California schools based on standardized testing of students. The original data sets contain information for all schools with at least 100 students and for various probability samples of the data. The design is 2-stage cluster sampling with clusters of unequal sizes. An SRS of 40 districts is selected (psus) from the 757 districts in the population and then up to 5 schools (min

1. were selected from each district (ssus).

Usage

Pckg_survey_apiclus2_H1

Format

A list containing entries required for H1 RDBES data:

DE the Design data table. Contains 1 DE row with DEstratumName == "Pckg_SDAResources_apiclus2_H1"

SD the Sampling Details data table. Contains 1 child SD row

VS the Vessel Selection data table. Contains 40 child rows (the 40 districts), VSnumberTotal is 757, VSnumberSampled is 40

FT the Fishing Trip data table. Contains 126 child rows (the 126 schools finally observed), each associated to its cluster (dname), FTnumberTotal is the number of schools in district, FTnumberSampled is 1...5 schools sampled

FO the Fishing Operation data table. Just 1:1 links to the final data (in SA)

SS the Species Selection data table. Just 1:1 links to the final data (in SA)

SA the Sample data table. SAsampleWeightMeasured is enroll (NB! there are 4 NAs)

FM the Frequency Measure data table

BV the Biological Variable data table

VD the Vessel Details data table

SL the Species List data table

IS the Individual Species table

Source

<https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=survey>

Pckg_survey_apistrat_H1

A RDBESDataObject converted from package survey dataset apistrat

Description

This data set is a stratified version of the previous "apiclus2" data. It is derived from the Academic Performance Index computed for all California schools based on standardized testing of students. The original data sets contain information for all schools with at least 100 students and for various probability samples of the data. The design is 1-stage cluster sampling with clusters of unequal sizes. An SRS of 200 districts is selected (psus) from the 755 districts in the population. All schools within district are selected (ssus).

Usage

Pckg_survey_apistrat_H1

Format

A list containing entries required for H1 RDBES data:

DE the Design data table. Contains 1 DE row

SD the Sampling Details data table. Contains 1 child SD row

VS the Vessel Selection data table. Contains 200 child rows (the 200 schools finally observed), each associated to its cluster (dname), VSnumberTotalClusters is 755, VSnumberTotal is 50-100 schools sampled

FT the Fishing Trip data table. Contains 200 child rows (the 200 schools finally observed), each associated to its cluster (dname), FTnumberTotal is the number of schools in the cluster (census)

FO the Fishing Operation data table. Just 1:1 links to the final data (in SA)

SS the Species Selection data table. Just 1:1 links to the final data (in SA)

SA the Sample data table. SAsampleWeightMeasured is enroll

FM the Frequency Measure data table

BV the Biological Variable data table

VD the Vessel Details data table. Contains 311 child rows

SL the Species List data table. Contains 1 child row

IS the Individual Species table

Source

<https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=survey>

```
prepareSubSampleLevelLookup
```

Private function to get sub-sample level and top-level SAid for SA data

Description

Private function to get sub-sample level and top-level SAid for SA data

Usage

```
prepareSubSampleLevelLookup(SAdata)
```

Arguments

SAdata The SA data to check

Value

A data.table with SAid, topLevelSAid and subSampleLevel

```
print.RDBESDataObject    Print method for RDBESDataObject
```

Description

This method prints the hierarchy of the DE data.table (if it exists), and the number of rows for each data.table in the RDBESDataObject that is not NULL. It also provides the sampling method and number sampled and number total for tables where it is applicable. If the RDBESDataObject has a mixed hierarchy, a warning message is printed.

This method sorts the RDBESDataObject based on the hierarchy.

This method returns a list containing the hierarchy of the DE data.table, the number of rows for each data.table in the RDBESDataObject that is not NULL, and a logical value indicating if the hierarchy is not NULL.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'RDBESDataObject'
print(x, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'RDBESDataObject'
sort(x, decreasing = TRUE, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'RDBESDataObject'
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

x	An object of class RDBESDataObject.
...	parameters to underling functions (not used currently)
decreasing	should hierarchy tables be the first ones
object	An object of class RDBESDataObject.

Value

None.

The sorted RDBESDataObject by hierarchy.

A list with three elements:

- hierarchy: The hierarchy of the DE data.table in the RDBESDataObject.
- rows: A named list where the names are the names of the data.tables in the RDBESDataObject and the values are the number of rows in each data.table. NULL values are excluded.
- CS: A logical value indicating if the hierarchy is not NULL.

Examples

```
# Print the package data object
print(H1Example)
# Sort the package data
sort(H8ExampleEE1)
# Get summary of the package data
summary(H1Example)
```

```
procRDBESEstObjLowHier
```

Private function to process the lower hierarchies when creating the RDBESEstObject

Description

Private function to process the lower hierarchies when creating the RDBESEstObject

Usage

```
procRDBESEstObjLowHier(rdbesPrepObject, verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

rdbesPrepObject	A prepared RDBESRawObj
verbose	logical. Output messages to console.

Value

allLower - the FM and BV tables combined

```
procRDBESEstObjUppHier
```

Private function to process the upper hierarchies when creating the RDBESEstObject

Description

Private function to process the upper hierarchies when creating the RDBESEstObject

Usage

```
procRDBESEstObjUppHier(  
  myRDBESEstObj = NULL,  
  rdbesPrepObject,  
  hierarchyToUse,  
  i = 1,  
  targetTables,  
  verbose = FALSE  
)
```

Arguments

myRDBESEstObj	An RDBESEstObj to add data to
rdbesPrepObject	A prepared RDBESDataObject
hierarchyToUse	The hierarchy we are using
i	Integer to keep track of where we are in the list of tables
targetTables	The RDBES tables we are interested in
verbose	logical. Output messages to console.

Value

A partial RDBESEstObject with the data from the upper hierarchy

```
removeBrokenSpeciesListLinks
```

Remove rows which are not pointing to a valid SpecliestListDetails (SL) records i.e.those rows which have a value of SpeciesListName that does not exist in the SL table.

Description

Remove rows which are not pointing to a valid SpecliestListDetails (SL) records i.e.those rows which have a value of SpeciesListName that does not exist in the SL table.

Usage

```
removeBrokenSpeciesListLinks(objectToCheck, verbose = FALSE, strict = TRUE)
```

Arguments

objectToCheck an RDBESDataObject.

verbose (Optional) If set to TRUE more detailed text will be printed out by the function. Default is TRUE.

strict (Optional) This function validates its input data - should the validation be strict? The default is TRUE.

Value

an RDBESDataObject with any records with an invalid SpeciesListName rows removed

Examples

```
## Not run:

myH1RawObject <-
  importRDBESDataCSV(rdbesExtractPath = "tests\\testthat\\h1_v_1_19")
myFields <- c("SLspecListName")
myValues <- c("WGRDBES-EST TEST 5 - sprat data")
myFilteredObject <- filterRDBESDataObject(myH1RawObject,
  fieldsToFilter = myFields,
  valuesToFilter = myValues
)
myObjectValidSpeciesListLinks <- removeBrokenSpeciesListLinks(
  objectToCheck = myFilteredObject,
  verbose = FALSE
)

## End(Not run)
```

removeBrokenVesselLinks

Remove rows which are not pointing to a valid VesselDetails (VD) records i.e. those rows which have a value of VDid that does not exist in the VD table.

Description

Remove rows which are not pointing to a valid VesselDetails (VD) records i.e. those rows which have a value of VDid that does not exist in the VD table.

Usage

```
removeBrokenVesselLinks(objectToCheck, verbose = FALSE, strict = TRUE)
```

Arguments

`objectToCheck` an RDBESDataObject.

`verbose` (Optional) If set to TRUE more detailed text will be printed out by the function. Default is TRUE.

`strict` (Optional) This function validates its input data - should the validation be strict? The default is TRUE.

Value

an RDBESDataObject with any records with an invalid VDid removed

Examples

```
## Not run:

myH1RawObject <-
  importRDBESDataCSV(rdbesExtractPath = "tests\\testthat\\h1_v_1_19")
myFields <- c("VDlenCat")
myValues <- c("18-<24")
myFilteredObject <- filterRDBESDataObject(myH1RawObject,
  fieldsToFilter = myFields,
  valuesToFilter = myValues
)
myObjectValidVesselLinks <- removeBrokenVesselLinks(
  objectToCheck = myFilteredObject,
  verbose = FALSE
)

## End(Not run)
```

runChecksOnSelectionAndProbs

Run basic checks on selection methods and probabilities

Description

This function runs some basic checks on selection methods and and probabilities of the different sampling tables of a hierarchy. It should be run ahead of `generateProbs` to secure its correct execution and for that reason it is included in the wrapper `applyGenerateProbs`.

Usage

```
runChecksOnSelectionAndProbs(x, verbose = FALSE, strict = TRUE)
```

Arguments

- | | |
|---------|--|
| x | • RDBES raw object |
| verbose | • If TRUE prints the issue behind the stop |
| strict | (Optional) This function validates its input data - should the validation be strict?
The default is TRUE. |

Value

nothing

See Also

[applyGenerateProbs](#) [generateProbs](#)

examples for now see https://github.com/ices-eg/WK_RDBES/tree/master/WKRDB-EST2/chairs/Nuno

setRDBESDataObjectDataTypes

For a given RDBESDataObject convert the required columns to the correct data types. (This function can cause an error if we have data in the columns that can't be cast to the desired data type.)

Description

For a given RDBESDataObject convert the required columns to the correct data types. (This function can cause an error if we have data in the columns that can't be cast to the desired data type.)

Usage

```
setRDBESDataObjectDataTypes(RDBESDataObjectToConvert)
```

Arguments

RDBESDataObjectToConvert
list - the raw item for conversion

Value

An RDBESDataObject with the correct date types for the required fields

shrimps	<i>One quarter of sample data from swedish shrimp landings of the SWE_OTB_CRU_32-69_0_0 fishery</i>
---------	---

Description

A dataset of `rdbesEstimObj` type containing simplified haul-level samples (rows) of shrimp landings (`targetValue`, in kg) observed onboard using H1 of RDBES with UPWOR on vessels. Data is provided for developing/testing purposes only.

Usage

```
shrimps
```

Format

A data frame with 10 rows and 95 variables:

- `DEsamplingScheme` - Sampling Scheme
- `DEyear` - Year of data collection
- `DEstratumName` - Fishery code
- `DEhierarchyCorrect` - Design Variable of RDBES. More details in RDBES documentation
- `DEhierarchy` - Design Variable of RDBES. More details in RDBES documentation
- `DEsampled` - Design Variable of RDBES. More details in RDBES documentation
- `DEReasonNotSampled` - Design Variable of RDBES. More details in RDBES documentation
- `SDcountry` - Country that collected the data
- `SDinstitution` - Institution that collected the data
- `su1`, `su2`, `su3`, `su4`, `su5` - sampling units of RDBES. More details in RDBES documentation
- `XXXnumberSampled`, ... - Design Variables of RDBES. More details in RDBES documentation
- `targetValue` - estimate of weight landed in each haul (in kg)
- plus XX other columns

Source

Nuno Prista @ SLU Aqua, 2022

shrimpsStrat	<i>One quarter of sample data from swedish shrimp catches of the SWE_OTB_CRU_32-69_0_0 fishery</i>
--------------	--

Description

A dataset of `rdbeEstimObj` type containing simplified haul-level samples (rows) of shrimp catches (`targetValue`, in kg) observed onboard using H1 of RDBES with UPWOR on vessels. Catches are divided into three strata (91, 92, 93_94) that correspond to sorting sieves used onboard. Data is provided for developing/testing purposes only.

Usage

```
shrimpsStrat
```

Format

A data frame with 10 rows and 95 variables:

- `DEsamplingScheme` - Sampling Scheme
- `DEyear` - Year of data collection
- `DEstratumName` - Fishery code
- `DEhierarchyCorrect` - Design Variable of RDBES. More details in RDBES documentation
- `DEhierarchy` - Design Variable of RDBES. More details in RDBES documentation
- `DEsampled` - Design Variable of RDBES. More details in RDBES documentation
- `DEReasonNotSampled` - Design Variable of RDBES. More details in RDBES documentation
- `SDcountry` - Country that collected the data
- `SDinstitution` - Institution that collected the data
- `su1`, `su2`, `su3`, `su4`, `su5` - sampling units of RDBES. More details in RDBES documentation
- `XXXnumberSampled`, ... - Design Variables of RDBES. More details in RDBES documentation
- `su5stratumName` - sieve fraction
- `targetValue` - estimate of weight fraction in each haul (in kg)
- plus XX other columns

Source

Nuno Prista @ SLU Aqua, 2022

tablesInRDBESHierarchies

The tables required for each RDBES hierarchy.

Description

A data frame containing the tables required for each RDBES hierarchy

Usage

tablesInRDBESHierarchies

Format

A data frame containing the tables required for each RDBES hierarchy.

hierarchy the hierarchy this applies to H1 to H13

table the 2-letter table name

lowerHierarchy is this a lower hierarchy table?

optional is this table optional within the hierarchy?

samplingUnit is this table a sampling unit within the hierarchy?

sortOrder the table sort order within the hierarchy

Source

https://github.com/davidcurrie2001/MI_RDBES_ExchangeFiles

updateSAwithTaxonFromSL

Function which changes the value of SAspeCode in SA.

Description

Function checks the rank of aphia id in both of tables SA and SL, and tries to replace a more accurate rank in SA with a broader rank from SL. There are 3 possible situations:

1. If the aphiaid id in the SA table is more accurate than in the SL table and the aphiaids are from the same kingdom, phylum, class, order, family, or genus then the aphiaid in the SA table is changed to the aphia id from the SL table.
2. If the aphia Ids are from different kingdom, phylum, class, order, family, or genus then the function retains the original SA species code.
3. If the SL table has a more accurate rank than in the SA table, the function also retains the original SA species code.

Usage

```
updateSAwithTaxonFromSL(
  RDBESDataObject,
  validate = TRUE,
  verbose = FALSE,
  strict = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

RDBESDataObject	An RDBESDataObject.
validate	Set to TRUE if you want validation to be carried out. The default is TRUE.
verbose	(Optional) Set to TRUE if you want informative text on validation printed out, or FALSE if you don't. The default is FALSE.
strict	(Optional) This function can validate its input data - should the validation be strict? The default is TRUE.

Value

RDBES data object where species in SA were renaming for species occurring in SL for level of species rank. If in SA is Sprat(126425), in SL Clupeidae (125464) function renameSpeciesSA rename Sprat from SA to Clupeidae. Clupeidae(family rank) is higher rank than Sprat(species rank).

Examples

```
## Not run:
myObject <- createRDBESDataObject(input = "WGRDBES-EST/personal/Kasia/vignettes/vignetteData")
renameSpeciesSA(RDBESDataObject=myObject,validate,verbose,strict)
## End(Not run)
```

```
validateRDBESDataObject
```

Check Whether an RDBESDataObject is in a Valid Format

Description

Perform basic checks on a object.

Usage

```
validateRDBESDataObject(
  objectToCheck,
  checkDataTypes = FALSE,
  verbose = FALSE,
```

```

    strict = TRUE
  )

  checkRDBESDataObject(
    objectToCheck,
    checkDataTypes = FALSE,
    verbose = FALSE,
    strict = TRUE
  )

```

Arguments

<code>objectToCheck</code>	RDBESDataObject i.e. a list of data.tables
<code>checkDataTypes</code>	(Optional) Set to TRUE if you want to check that the data types of the required columns are correct, or FALSE if you don't care. Default value is FALSE.
<code>verbose</code>	(Optional) Set to TRUE if you want informative text printed out, or FALSE if you don't. The default is FALSE.
<code>strict</code>	(Optional) Set to TRUE if you want an error if validation fails, set to FALSE if you want only a warning to be issued. The default is TRUE.

Details

Checks if 'objectToCheck' parameter is valid. Returns the parameter if it is valid and otherwise stops on error. It checks the RDBESDataObject if:

- Is this an object of class RDBESDataObject
- Tables don't have column names that aren't allowed
- Tables have all the required column names

It does not check if the data is valid. The RDBES upload system performs an extensive set of checks on the uploaded data.

Value

Returns objectToCheck

Examples

```

## Not run:
myH1RawObject <-
importRDBESDataCSV(rdbesExtractPath = "tests/testthat/h1_v_1_19")
validateRDBESDataObject(myH1RawObject)
## End(Not run)

```

`validateRDBESDataObjectDataTypes`

Checks the data types of the columns in an RDBESDataObject against an expected list of data types. Any differences are returned

Description

Checks the data types of the columns in an RDBESDataObject against an expected list of data types. Any differences are returned

Usage

```
validateRDBESDataObjectDataTypes(objectToCheck)
```

Arguments

`objectToCheck` An RDBESDataObject to check

Value

A data frame containing any data type differences (an empty data frame if there are no differences)

`validateRDBESDataObjectDuplicates`

check RDBES Raw Object Content Private function to do some basic checks on the content of the RDBESDataObject (e.g. all required field names are present). Function is only used by checkRDBESDataObject and should only be passed a list of non-null objects

Description

check RDBES Raw Object Content Private function to do some basic checks on the content of the RDBESDataObject (e.g. all required field names are present). Function is only used by checkRDBESDataObject and should only be passed a list of non-null objects

Usage

```
validateRDBESDataObjectDuplicates(  
  objectToCheck,  
  verbose = FALSE,  
  strict = TRUE  
)
```

Arguments

- objectToCheck • RDBESDataObject i.e. a list of data.tables
- verbose (Optional) Set to TRUE if you want informative text printed out, or FALSE if you don't. The default is FALSE.
- strict (Optional) Set to TRUE if you want to be sure all columns are present in the data, set to FALSE if you only want to check that essential columns are present. The default is TRUE.

Value

list with first element as the object and the second the warnings

validateRDBESDataObjectFieldNames

check RDBES Data Object field names Private function to do some checks on the columns of an RDBESDataObject -

1. are all required fields present? 2) are there any extra fields present? It is used by validateRDBESDataObject() and should only be passed a list of non-null objects

Description

check RDBES Data Object field names Private function to do some checks on the columns of an RDBESDataObject -

1. are all required fields present? 2) are there any extra fields present? It is used by validateRDBESDataObject() and should only be passed a list of non-null objects

Usage

```
validateRDBESDataObjectFieldNames(
  objectToCheck,
  verbose = FALSE,
  strict = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

- objectToCheck • RDBESDataObject i.e. a list of data.tables
- verbose (Optional) Set to TRUE if you want informative text printed out, or FALSE if you don't. The default is FALSE.
- strict (Optional) Set to TRUE if you want to be sure all columns are present in the data, set to FALSE if you only want to check that essential columns are present. The default is TRUE.

Value

list with first element as a boolean indicating validity and the second element contains any warnings

```
validateRDBESEstObject
```

Check whether an object is a valid RDBESEstObject

Description

Check whether an object is a valid RDBESEstObject

Usage

```
validateRDBESEstObject(objectToCheck, verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

`objectToCheck` The object to check

`verbose` (Optional) Set to TRUE if you want informative text printed out, or FALSE if you don't. The default is FALSE.

Value

Whoever revises this function please specify what it returns here

Examples

```
## Not run:
myH1RawObject <-
importRDBESDataCSV(rdbesExtractPath = "tests/testthat/h1_v1_19")
myEstObj <- createRDBESEstObject(myH1RawObject,1)
validateRDBESEstObject(myEstObj)
## End(Not run)
```

```
wormsAphiaRecord
```

A dataset containing aphia records for species found in icesSpecWoRMS

Description

A dataset containing aphia records for species found in icesSpecWoRMS

Usage

```
wormsAphiaRecord
```

Format

A data frame

AphiaID E.g. 100684

url E.g. "https://www.marinespecies.org/aphia.php?p=taxdetails&id=100684"

scientificname E.g. "Cerianthidae"

authority E.g. "Milne Edwards & Haime, 1851"

status E.g. "accepted"

unacceptreason E.g. NA

taxonRankID E.g. 140

rank E.g. "Family" "Genus" "Species" "Species"

valid_AphiaID E.g. 100684

valid_name E.g. "Cerianthidae"

valid_authority E.g. "Milne Edwards & Haime, 1851"

parentNameUsageID E.g. 151646

kingdom E.g. "Animalia"

phylum E.g. "Cnidaria"

class E.g. "Anthozoa"

order E.g. "Spirularia"

family E.g. "Cerianthidae"

genus E.g. NA "Cerianthus"

citation E.g. "Molodtsova, T. (2023). World List of Ceriantharia. Cerianthidae Milne Edwards & Haime, 1851. Accessed through: "...

lsid internal database identifier

isMarine E.g. 1

isBrackish E.g. 1

isFreshwater E.g. 0

isTerrestrial E.g. 0

isExtinct E.g. NA

match_type E.g. "exact"

modified E.g. "2018-01-22T17:48:34.063Z"

DateDownloaded E.g. "2023-10-18" ...

Source

<https://www.marinespecies.org/>

Index

* datasets

- DefaultFileNames, [13](#)
 - designVariables, [13](#)
 - H1Example, [37](#)
 - H5Example, [37](#)
 - H7Example, [38](#)
 - H8ExampleEE1, [39](#)
 - icesSpecWoRMS, [40](#)
 - mapColNamesFieldR, [43](#)
 - Pckg_SDAResources_agstrat_H1, [45](#)
 - Pckg_survey_apiclus2_H1, [46](#)
 - Pckg_survey_apistrat_H1, [47](#)
 - shrimps, [54](#)
 - shrimpsStrat, [55](#)
 - tablesInRDBESHierarchies, [56](#)
 - wormsAphiaRecord, [61](#)
- [addCLtoLowerCS](#), [4](#)
- [applyGenerateProbs](#), [6](#), [53](#)
- [check_key_column](#), [7](#)
- [checkRDBESDataObject](#)
([validateRDBESDataObject](#)), [57](#)
- [combineRDBESDataObjects](#), [7](#)
- [createDBEPrepObj](#), [8](#)
- [createRDBESDataObject](#), [9](#)
- [createRDBESEstObject](#), [11](#)
- [createTableOfRDBESIds](#), [12](#)
- [DefaultFileNames](#), [13](#)
- [designVariables](#), [13](#)
- [doBVestimCANUM](#), [14](#)
- [doDBEestimantionObjUpp](#), [16](#)
- [doDBEstimation](#), [16](#)
- [doEstimationForAllStrata](#), [17](#)
- [doEstimationRatio](#), [18](#)
- [estim](#), [19](#)
- [estimMC](#), [20](#)
- [exportEstimationResultsToInterCatchFormat](#),
[21](#)
- [filterAndTidyRDBESDataObject](#), [21](#)
- [filterRDBESDataObject](#), [23](#)
- [filterRDBESEstObject](#), [24](#)
- [findAndKillOrphans](#), [25](#)
- [findOrphansByTable](#), [26](#)
- [fixSLids](#), [27](#)
- [generateMissingSSRows](#), [28](#)
- [generateNAsUsingSL](#), [29](#)
- [generateProbs](#), [6](#), [30](#), [53](#)
- [generateSSRows](#), [31](#)
- [generateTestTbls](#), [31](#)
- [generateZerosUsingSL](#), [32](#)
- [getEstimForStratum](#), [33](#)
- [getLinkedDataFromLevel](#), [33](#)
- [getLowerTableSubsets](#), [5](#), [34](#)
- [getMissingSSCatchFraction](#), [35](#)
- [getTablesInRDBESHierarchy](#), [36](#)
- [H1Example](#), [37](#)
- [H5Example](#), [37](#)
- [H7Example](#), [38](#)
- [H8ExampleEE1](#), [39](#)
- [icesSpecWoRMS](#), [40](#)
- [killOrphans](#), [40](#)
- [listPackageFunctions](#), [41](#)
- [makeTbl](#), [31](#), [42](#)
- [mapColNamesFieldR](#), [43](#)
- [newRDBESDataObject](#), [43](#)
- [Pckg_SDAResources_agstrat_H1](#), [45](#)
- [Pckg_survey_apiclus2_H1](#), [46](#)
- [Pckg_survey_apistrat_H1](#), [47](#)
- [prepareSubSampleLevelLookup](#), [48](#)
- [print.RDBESDataObject](#), [48](#)
- [procRDBESEstObjLowHier](#), [49](#)

`procRDBESEstObjUppHier`, [50](#)

`rbindlist`, [8](#)

`removeBrokenSpeciesListLinks`, [50](#)

`removeBrokenVesselLinks`, [51](#)

`rnorm`, [32](#), [42](#)

`runChecksOnSelectionAndProbs`, [6](#), [52](#)

`setRDBESDataObjectDataTypes`, [53](#)

`shrimps`, [54](#)

`shrimpsStrat`, [55](#)

`sort.RDBESDataObject`
 (`print.RDBESDataObject`), [48](#)

`summary.RDBESDataObject`
 (`print.RDBESDataObject`), [48](#)

`tablesInRDBESHierarchies`, [56](#)

`updateSAwithTaxonFromSL`, [56](#)

`upperTblData`, [5](#)

`validateRDBESDataObject`, [57](#)

`validateRDBESDataObjectDataTypes`, [59](#)

`validateRDBESDataObjectDuplicates`, [59](#)

`validateRDBESDataObjectFieldNames`, [60](#)

`validateRDBESEstObject`, [61](#)

`wormsAphiaRecord`, [61](#)